HOMELESSNESS

IN THE MANITOULIN-SUDBURY DISTRICT SERVICES BOARD

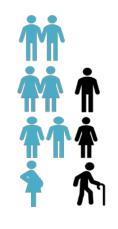
Surveys to enumerate homelessness were conducted in 7 communities in the jurisdiction of the Manitoulin-Sudbury District Services Board. The enumeration took place between April 12th and 22nd, 2018 in Espanola, Little Current, Mindemoya, Markstay, Noëlville, Chapleau and Foleyet. The total number of adult and adolescent participants was **122**. With their **49** dependents, the total count was **171**.

TOTAL COUNT

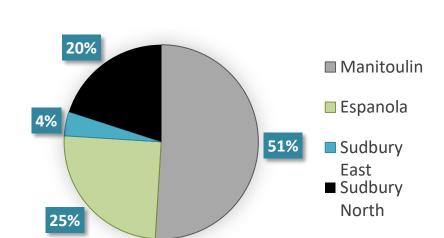
171

participants and their dependent children

Overall, 53%
were Indigenous
& 7 in 10
absolutely
homeless were
Indigenous



LOCATION OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE DISTRICT



Unseasonably cold weather, including a late snow storm, impacted on data collection, especially in Sudbury East.

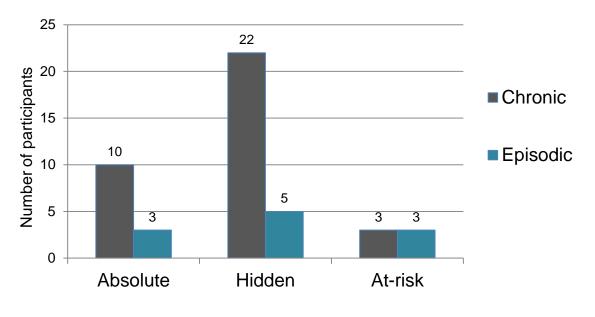
Age range of participants

16 - 89

Number of youth up to 24 years old not connected to a family.

16

Chronic and Episodic Homelessness



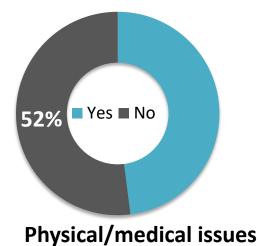
Chronic

homelessness: Continuously homeless for 6 months or more in

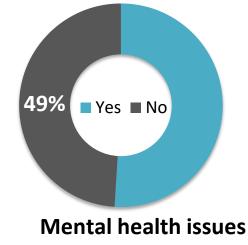
the previous year.

Episodic homelessness:

3 or more episodes of homelessness in the previous year.



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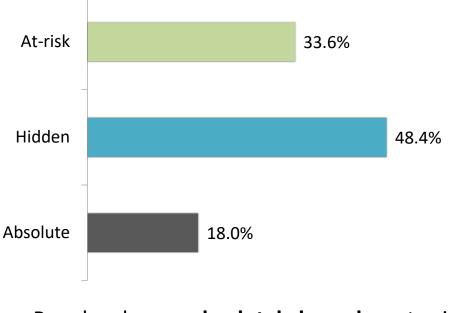


About half of the participants reported a physical or a mental health issue.

OVER 3/4

reported one or more medical, physical, mental health or addictions issues

Types of Homelessness



mental health and addictions services.

The largest subgroup was people living with hidden homelessness

- People who are **absolutely homeless** stay in shelters or in unsheltered places.
- Hidden homelessness is often invisible: couch surfing or staying in motels, vehicles, campers or bush camps, or other temporary accommodation.
 Over a third of those at risk of homelessness 35% had been absolutely homeless
- in the past and 39% had been couch surfers.

Call-to-action: Participants reported the need for services to address basic necessities of food, shelter and clothing as well as medical,





